

Put your name up here yo! key

AP Calculus BC: 10.6 Integration by Parts Repeatedly

1. $\int \cos(x) e^{2x} dx$
 $u = \cos(x) \quad v = \frac{e^{2x}}{2}$
 $du = -\sin(x) dx \quad dv = e^{2x} dx$

$$\frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \int \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{2} dx$$

$u = \sin(x) \quad v = \frac{e^{2x}}{4}$
 $du = \cos(x) dx \quad dv = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} dx$

$$\int \cos(x) e^{2x} dx = \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \left(\frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} - \int \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{4} dx \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \int \cos(x) e^{2x} dx$$

$$\frac{5}{4} \int \cos(2x) e^{2x} = \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4}$$

$$\int \cos(2x) e^{2x} = \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} \right)$$

2. Find the integral of the function $f(x) = e^{4x} \sin(2x)$

$u = \sin(2x) \quad v = \frac{e^{4x}}{4}$
 $du = 2 \cos(2x) dx \quad dv = e^{4x} dx$

$$\frac{e^{4x} \sin(2x)}{4} - \int \frac{e^{4x} \cos(2x)}{2} dx$$

$u = \cos(2x) \quad v = \frac{e^{4x}}{8}$
 $du = -2 \sin(2x) dx \quad dv = \frac{e^{4x}}{2} dx$

$$\int e^{4x} \sin(2x) dx = \frac{e^{4x} \sin(2x)}{4} - \left(\frac{e^{4x} \cos(2x)}{8} + \int \frac{e^{4x} \sin(2x)}{4} dx \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \int e^{4x} \sin(2x) dx$$

$$\frac{5}{4} \int e^{4x} \sin(2x) dx = \frac{e^{4x} \sin(2x)}{4} - \frac{e^{4x} \cos(2x)}{8}$$

$$\int e^{4x} \sin(2x) dx = \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{4x} \sin(2x)}{4} - \frac{e^{4x} \cos(2x)}{8} \right)$$

3. Calculate the area of the function $g(x) = e^{2x} \cos(x)$ on the interval $[0, \pi]$

$u = \cos(x) \quad v = \frac{e^{2x}}{2}$
 $du = -\sin(x) dx \quad dv = e^{2x} dx$

$$\frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \int \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{2} dx$$

$u = \sin(x) \quad v = \frac{e^{2x}}{4}$
 $du = \cos(x) dx \quad dv = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} dx$

$$\left[\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} \right) \right]_0^\pi$$

$$\left[\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{2\pi} \cos(\pi)}{2} + \frac{e^{2\pi} \sin(\pi)}{4} \right) \right] - \left[\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{2 \cdot 0} \cos(0)}{2} + \frac{e^{2 \cdot 0} \sin(0)}{4} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{-4e^{2\pi}}{10} - \frac{4}{10} = \frac{-2e^{2\pi}}{5} - \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx = \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \left(\frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} - \int \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{4} dx \right)$$

$$\int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx = \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx$$

$$\frac{5}{4} \int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx = \frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4}$$

$$\int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx = \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{e^{2x} \cos(x)}{2} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x)}{4} \right)$$